

Project Name:

Community Climate Change Project (CCCP)

Project Title:

Reducing adverse effect of climate change on human health in flood prone area.

Background:

Climate change is the biggest global threat to humanity in the 21st century. Bangladesh is one of the most vulnerable countries in the world facing the potential impacts of climate change. With an understanding of the nature and magnitude of the adverse impacts of climate change and the efforts required to enhance resilience, the Government of Bangladesh (GoB) adopted Bangladesh Climate Change Strategy and Action Plan (BCCSAP) in 2009. A multi-donor trust fund, known as “Bangladesh Climate Change Resilience Fund (BCCRF)”, was established to implement the strategy and action plan. As of today, BCCRF has attracted around US\$190 million from the bilateral development partners (United Kingdom, European Union, Sweden, USA, Australia, Switzerland and Denmark). The Governing Council of BCCRF entrusted Palli Karma-Sahayak Foundation (PKSF) to implement the community-level climate change adaptation activities through (Community Climate Change Project) CCCP. On behalf of the contributing Development Partners and in consultation with the Government of Bangladesh (GoB), the World Bank (WB) ensures the fiduciary management of the project.

Goal:

Developed climate resilient health services in flood prone areas of Bangladesh

Specific Objectives:

1. To build capacity of the selected community to address impacts of climate change on human health.
2. To increase availability and access to reproductive health services with particular focus on maternal and child health.
3. To prevent outbreak of waterborne and vector borne disease in the flood affected area through improved water and sanitation.

Activities:

1. Develop Climate Change Health Groups (CCHG) for protection of human health from the impacts of climate change
2. Install tube wells and construct sanitary latrines in community place (Community places are common place within the community which is easily accessible by all of the people living within the community. These places are either common property in the community such a school, local club, Mosque, UP office or land voluntarily donated by any individual donor) and institute (School, College, Madrasha, with priority to girl’s institutes)
3. Provide SRHR services through organizing satellite camps.

Outputs:

1. 200 members of CHGs received training for protection of human health from the impacts of climate change
2. 81 tube wells installed on raised places
3. 29 latrines constructed in communities and institutions
4. 481 satellite clinics organized to provide SRHR services

Outcomes:

1. Climate Change Health Groups (CCHG) functioning for protecting human health from climate change
2. Access to health services increased
3. Water and vector borne diseases reduced

Implementation Area: Senhati, Dighalia, Barakpur, Gazirhat union under Dighalia Upazilla of Khulna District.

Duration of the Project: October, 2014-December, 2016 (27 Month)

Donor Information: Palli Karma-Sahayak Foundation (PKSF), PKSF Bhaban, Agargaon, Dhaka.